#### **DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**

#### COURSE OUTCOMES FOR B.A. ENGLISH HONOURS

#### NAME OF THE PROGRAMME: B.A. ENGLISH HONOURS

#### LIST OF COURSE OUTCOMES:

COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOME
C1	British Poetry and Drama:	Going through the course the students may have ample view of society of Old English period and the activities of Anglo-Saxon people.
	Beginning to 14 <sup>th</sup> Century and History of English	Students can acquire basic information about Old English language.
		3. The students will be acquainted with various socio- cultural forces that shaped the birth of English literature and Language.
		4. The students would come to know about the advent of Christianity and its influence on English literature.
		5. The students will gather information about Anglo-Saxon heroic myths and other cultural practices.
C2	British Poetry and Drama: Renaissance to 17 <sup>th</sup> and 18 <sup>th</sup> Centuries	The students can gather knowledge of the Elizabethan period and its social construction of classes.
	Centuries	2. The students become acquainted with different literary terms and genres of poetry.
		3. The students are made aware of various social and political conflicts in Elizabethan England.
		4. Students know about Renaissance Humanism and other strands of socio-political and religious thought.
		5. The students gain an understanding of rise of England as a colonial and imperial superpower.



COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOME
	British Literature (Fiction and Non-Fiction): 18 <sup>th</sup> Century	1. The students are acquainted with various satirical modes.
C3	Century	2. The students become aware about various narrative styles like First Person Narrative and Bildungsroman.
		3. The students gain an understanding of the influence of Enlightenment and Neo-classicism.
		4. An introduction is provided about the development of urban centres and public literary sphere in England.
		5. The students are informed about the genesis of novels and periodicals.
C4	British Romantic Literature (1798-1832)	The students are acquainted with French and American Revolutions and their impact on Literature.
		2. The students about Counter-Enlightenment traditions in Europe and the importance of Imagination in literature.
		3. The students know about the Cult of Nature and the popularization of Travel as leisure activity.
		4. An outline is provided about the traditions of Romance and its evolution in Europe from middle ages till the eighteenth century.
		5. Various strands of mysticism and spirituality as well as materialistic skepticism which developed during the Romantic period are introduced to the students.



COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOME
	British Literature: 19 <sup>th</sup> Century (1832-1900)	<ol> <li>The students are acquainted with the development of the novel and the rise in poetic genres like dramatic monologue.</li> </ol>
C5		<ol> <li>The students are informed about utilitarianism and various other socio-political and religious movements of the nineteenth century.</li> </ol>
		3. The students become aware about the development of Victorian morality and its relationship with marriage and sexuality.
		4. The students are made aware of the schism between Reason and Faith which widened during nineteenth century due to rapid advancement of the Sciences.
		5. The Development of the Position of Writer in Society and how the position was buffeted by class tensions in England and the colonies are conveyed to the students.
C6	British Literature: The Early 20 <sup>th</sup> Century	The students are made familiar with the divergent conceptions of modernism and modernity in European and non-European literary cultures.
		2. The students are conveyed the importance of psychological probing in 20 <sup>th</sup> Century Literature, especially the popularization of Psychoanalysis and Stream-of-Consciousness literature.
		3. The students come to know about the World Wars and their impact on English Literature.
		4. The students are made aware of various socio-political and revolutionary movements which shaped English literature in the 20 <sup>th</sup> Century.
		5. The students are acquainted with innovative literary forms which evolved in the 20 <sup>th</sup> Century.



COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOME
	American Literature	1. The students come to know about the history of
		colonization in America and its impact on literature.
67		
C7		2. The students are made aware of the linguistic and literary uniqueness of American literature.
		3. The students are acquainted with American Civil War and War of Independence and the impact of these events on American Literature.
		4. The students are informed about African American writing and its distinctive expressions.
		5. The students are conveyed how Social Realism developed in the American Novel.
	European Classical	The students are made aware of Greek mythology and its
C8	Literature	importance in Literature.
		2. The students come to know about various Classical
		Literary genres like Epic, Tragedy and Comedy.
		3. Classical Literary Theory is introduced to students with
		focus on Catharsis, Mimesis and Satire.
		4. The students are acquainted with the social structure of Greek and Roman Societies and their impact on classical
		literature.
		5. The students are given an idea of the influence of
		European Classical literature on subsequent literary
		traditions.

COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOME
	Modern European Drama	1. The students are made aware of the revolutionary aesthetic and dramaturgical changes which shaped the conceptions of Modern Drama in Europe.
C9		2. The students are informed about the socio-political changes in Europe and how these shaped modern theatrical conventions.
		3. An outline is provided for the development of modern dramaturgical traditions like the Theatre of the Absurd, Ibsenian Problem Play and Epic Theatre.
		4. The students are taught about Inter-war and Post-War crises in Europe and how these shaped the contours of skepticism and disillusionment in modern drama.
		5. The students come to know about the interactions with non-European drama and how these led to the displacement of Aristotlean and Renaissance notions of dramatic action.



C10	Popular Literature	The students are made aware of the continual presence of popular literary genres throughout history.
		The students are conveyed how High and Low Literary traditions are segregated on the basis of extra literary variables of social taste and canon formation.
		The students are acquainted with Popular Literary genres like Literary Nonsense, Thrillers, Detective stories, Comics and Pulp Fiction.
		The students are provided an understanding of how popular literary genres often reflect profound philosophical and socio-political engagements.
		The students are informed about the importance of print culture and commerce in shaping popular literary genres.

COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOME
	Postcolonial Literatures	1. The students are made aware of the idea of colonization,
		decolonization and globalization as well as its impact on
		literature.
C11		2. The students are informed about the relationship of
		colonial discourse in shaping colonial identities.
		3. The complexities of the myriad concepts of ethnicity,
		religion and gender in the context of colonization are discussed.
		4. The idea of literary forms and genres which challenge the presumptions of colonialism is outlined.
		5. The students are conveyed the far-reaching impact of
		Orientalism and its menacing effect on postcolonial
		polities.
	Women's Writing	1. The students are informed about the close connection of
C12		literary production and sexual politics.
		2. The politics of canon formation is discussed from the perspective of gendered heteronormativity.
		3. The various seminal literary works by women are
		introduced in order to emphasize how these subvert the patriarchal norms and conventions.
		4. The students are acquainted with social reforms and gender justice movements and the close connection of
		these with Women's Writing.
		5. The students are made aware of the interrelationship of
		gender with the notions of selfhood, national identity and ethnic constructions.



COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOME
	Indian Classical Literature	1. The students are introduced to Indian aesthetic and
		literary traditions.
		2. The students are acquainted with forms and genres of
C13		classical Indian Drama and Poetry.
		3. The students are made aware of the construction of socio-
		cultural norms in pre-modern South Asia and how these
		are discursively dealt with in Indian Classical Literature.
		4. The students are informed how colonialism and
		imperialism shape the politics of translation.
		5. The students are encouraged to recognize the continuing
		relevance of Indian Classical Literature and its myriad
		adaptations.
G. 4	Indian Writing in English	1. The idea of Indian Writing in English as a distinct literary
C14		tradition is introduced.
		2. The students are made aware of the intricate interweaving
		of colonial and postcolonial discourses in shaping the
		contours of Indian Writing in English.
		3. The students are acquainted with notions of hybridity
		both in aesthetic sensibilities as well as in narrative
		elaborations in Indian Writing in English.
		4. The explorations of Nationhood and Modernity in Indian
		Writing in English are discussed.
		5. The popularization and canonization of Indian Writing in
		recent times are discussed.

COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOME
SEC1	Soft Skills	<ol> <li>The students are informed about the importance of Soft Skills in complementing various academic and professional specializations, especially in the professional arena.</li> </ol>
SECT		<ol> <li>The students are acquainted with the importance of Team Work in professional and community life.</li> </ol>
		3. The students are introduced to various methods of Problem Solving to deal with practical situations in professional and personal lives.
		4. The students are made aware of the importance of communicative skill in achieving productivity and success.
		5. The students are made aware of the critical salience of Leadership skills in professional scenario.
SEC2	Technical Writing	1. The students are informed about the importance of Technical Writing in professional and Academic arena.
		2. The students are made aware of the differences between Language and Communication as well as about the divergences between speech and writing.
		3. The various types of essay writing – descriptive, narrative, expository and argumentative – are discussed.
		4. Various types of formal writing like letters, reports, memorandum, notices, agenda and minutes are outlined.
		<ul><li>5. The students are informed about Common Errors to be avoided in Technical Writing.</li></ul>



COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOME
	Nineteenth Century	1. Students are introduced to traditions of European
	European Realism	literature, especially to French and Russian literature.
		2. Students are made aware of the evolution of the novel as a
DSE1		distinct literary form.
		3. Students are informed about the interactions of socio-
		cultural changes and politics with the shaping of the
		<ul><li>European novel.</li><li>4. The probings about modernity and realism in European</li></ul>
		novels are elaborated upon with a focus on divergent
		ideations of 'realism'.
		5. The ethical, aesthetic and philosophical preoccupations of
		eminent European novelists like Tolstoy, Dickens,
		Balzac, Flaubert, Dostoevsky and Turgenev are discussed.
DSE2	World Literature	1. The idea of World Literature as an important new literary arena is discussed.
		2. The students are made aware of globalization, hybridity
		and diaspora and how these notions have shaped
		literature.
		3. The students are informed about colonization and its
		impact on shaping commonwealth literary genres.
		4. The students are acquainted with the development new
		aesthetic conceptions and literary genres which have
		enriched World Literature like, Magic Realism, Ecriture Feminine etc.
		reminine etc.

COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOME
DSE3	Science Fiction and Detective Fiction	1. Students are introduced to Crime Fiction as a literary genre and the various portrayals of crime across media with the constructions of criminal identity, ethics, censorship norms and nostalgia.
		2. Students are informed about the intersections between Science Fiction and Fantasy/Horror genres and how these evolved in different ways with the advent of science in the eighteenth century.
		3. The students are made aware of the evolution of the figure of the Detective in fiction with an emphasis on urbanization, modernization, spread of Western Enlightenment norms and globalization as important tropes for the development of Detective Fiction.
		4. The important concerns about the notions of colonial difference, ethnicity and gender that are outlined and subverted in Science Fiction and Detective Fiction are discussed.
		5. The students are also introduced to basic ideas about how Science Fiction and Detective Fiction have shaped notions of the exotic and the non-normative.
		6. Adaptations and translations are briefly discussed.
DSE4	Partition Literature	<ol> <li>Students are introduced to notions of colonialism, nationalism, communalism and partition.</li> </ol>



<ol> <li>The students are made aware of the important specificitie of Partition in the context of South Asia and how the political reality of partition was shaped by divergent imaginations of Nationhood.</li> </ol>	ès
3. The horrors of Partition are discussed with an emphasis on women and the marginalized.	
<ol> <li>Specimens of Partition Literature are taught to students a critical concepts of migration, postcoloniality and transnationality are discussed.</li> </ol>	ıs

COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOME	
	Academic Writing and	1. The students are made aware of the relevance and scope	
	Composition	of Academic Writing.	
		2. The students are informed about the important	
GE1		conventions of Academic Writing.	
		3. The norms of Summarizing and Paraphrasing are	
		introduced with a focus on their distinction from each other.	
		4. Students are taught how Critical Thinking is reflected in	
		writing and are introduced to the triadic process of	
		Synthesis, Analysis and Evaluation.	
		5. Students are acquainted with conventions to structure an Argument.	
		6. Students are taught how to cite sources and are introduced	
		to popular citation styles.	
	Gender and Human Rights	The notions of Gender Discrimination and the critical	
GE2	_	importance of Human Rights are introduced.	
		2. The importance social and political movements	
		concerning Gender and Human Rights are outlined with	
		emphasis on key transformations.	
		3. Meena Kandasamy's "Aggression" is taught as a seminal	
		Feminist text which highlights gender oppression.	
		4. Texts by Temsula Ao and Hansda Sowvendra Shekhar are introduced to highlight discriminations against	
		marginalized communities and their overlapping contours with gender discrimination.	
		5. Virginia Woolf's "Professions for Women" is discussed	
		to highlight the discriminations against women in	
		professional arena.	

COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOME
	Contemporary India:	1. The political and sociological motivations for Social
	Women and Empowerment	Construction of Gender are outlined.
		2. Notions of Masculinity, Feminity and Patriarchy are
GE3		introduced to students.
		3. The students are made aware of the Constitutional Rights
		of Women and how these have evolved over time,
		especially in the context of customary practices of
		Marriage and Inheritance.
		4. The students are informed about the close relationship
		between Ecological Preservation and Woman
		Empowerment.



			The various state interventions in Female Foeticide, Domestic Violence, Rape and Sexual Harassment are discussed. Bama's Karukku is taught as a specimen text which focuses on overlapping between gender and class/caste discrimination.
GE4	Environment and Literature	1.	Notions of Nature and Environment in Oriental and Western Thought are outlined.
		2.	The concepts of Deep Ecology, Ecofeminism and Third World Environmentalism are discussed.
		3.	Gordon Ramel's "Daffodils No More" and Ruskin Bond's "Dust on the Mountains" are taught to focus on the close relationship between environment and aesthetics.
		4.	Mahasweta Devi's "Pterodactyl" is discussed as an important example of Ecocriticism.